

A circular postmark from 'THE GREAT BRITAIN SUPREMACY'. The text 'THE GREAT BRITAIN SUPREMACY' is arranged in a circle around the perimeter. In the center, the date 'SEP 5 1964' is stamped. The postmark is slightly faded and has some ink bleed-through from the reverse side.

NOTICE	INTIMATIONS	BANKS	AUCTIONS	INTIMATION	NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES	INTIMATIONS
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INTIMATIONS.

COMING SOON

MARINI'S CIRCUS
AND
MENAGERIE
SHORTLY EXHIBIT AT HONGKONG.

to China after 3 years absence, during
time it has made a triumphal tour of
N. New Zealand, Tasmania, and Java
Southern Hemisphere.

MARINI'S CIRCUS,
FOURBLY KNOWN ALL OVER THE
HABITABLE WORLD.

o's Series of Performances of a very
natural compound of DIVERS
JAW, GYMNASTIC, ACROBATIC, EQUIP-
and NOVEL AERBIC SPORTS of all
tions, performed by Clever Artists, both
and Gentlemen.

very attractive and costl.
of

FORMIDABLE ANIMALS
BENGAL LIONS, CEYLON ELEPHANTS,
BENGAL TIGERS, CYNOSPHALUS
MALA, BOA CONSTRICTOR, &c., &c., &c.
The Finest collection of HOBBS and
from all parts of the World, educated
profession, forming an excellent place of
RECREATION and INSTRUCTIVE PASTIME.

SIGNOR CHIARINI
honour to announce that this will be the
BEST APPEARANCE
in Hongkong of
ROYAL AFRICAN LIONS.

1. THE WORLD IS YOUR STAGE

K. G. WILSON, L. HAYES,
Divance Agent. Secretary.
Kongkong, 30th December, 1885. [2314.]

FOR SHANGHAI.
Steamship

" NINGPO,"
Wm. Potts, will be despatched for
ove Port TO-DAY, the 30th inst. at
Freight or Passage apply to
Kongkong, 29th December, 1885. [2305.]

LEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR SHANGHAI VIA AMOY.

PO, CHEFOO, NEWCHWAN
LOW, and PORTS on the Y

E Company's Steamship
 "DIOMED."
 Guthrie, will be despatched as above
 MORROW, the 31st inst., at DAYLIGHT.
 Freight & Passages apply to
 WHITEFIELD & SONS, Agents,
 K'kong, 20th December. 1885. 1275

MARINA NAVIGATION COMPANY,
 LIMITED.

PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY
 AND COOKTOWN, TOWNSVILLE,
 ISSABANA, SYDNEY, MELBOURNE,
 &c., VIA SINGAPORE.

E Steamship

ARROW, the 31st inst.,

vessel has unaidingly good CASIN Abdom-
 inated, situated amidships, on upper deck.
 Freight or Passage, apply
 H. UTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents,
 Hongkong, 30th December, 1885. [2147]

BANK HOLIDAY.
 In accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1875
 the Undermentioned Banks will be Closed
 on the Transaction of Public Business
 FRIDAY, the 1st January, 1886.
 THE CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF
 INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.
 JOHN THURBURN,
 Manager, Hongkong.
 THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AU-
 STRALIA, AND CHINA.
 H. UTTERFIELD & SWIRE, MANAGERS.

THE HONGKONG AND SHAN

CORPORATION.
T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.
THE COMPTOIS D'ESCOMPTES DE PARIS,
C. C. INCHEALD, Agent.
THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION,
LIMITED.
H. A. HERBERT, Manager, Hongkong.
Hongkong, 30th December, 1885. 1913

NOTICE.

THE Undermentioned Insurance Offices will
be CLOSED for the Transaction of Public
Business on FRIDAY, the 1st January, 1886.
MARINE INSURANCE OFFICE, Limited,

General
KONG FIRE INSURANCE

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
General Managers,
OF THE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, L.
N. J. EDE,
Secretary,
TAI-CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY, L.
W. H. PERCIVAL,
Agent,
NA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, L.
W. H. RAY,
Secretary,
CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED,
SAM'L J. GOWER,
Secretary,
CHINESE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LIMITED,
RUSSELL & CO.,
Agents,
CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, L.

Shanghai 24th December

THE
FIFTY-CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSARY
OF THE
MEDICAL MISSIONARY SOCIETY'S
HOSPITAL,
At Canton, China, will take place
TO-MORROW (THURSDAY),
the 31st December, at 3.30 P.M.,
in the
PRESTON MEMORIAL CHURCH.
Friends of the Society are invited to be
present.
J. C. THOMSON,
Secretary.

Canton, 29th December, 1885. 2408

THE NEW YEAR.

THE LATEST NO

ANGLO-CHINESE CATION
 1886.
 FOR THE DESK.
 IN RED AND BLACK.
 IN REIMITATION MOROCCO CASE.
 PRICE ONE DOLLAR.
 For Sale at the Book Stores.

INTIMATION.

JUST LANDED—A Large Supply of PURE CONFECTIONERY.

Complicating—
PINK, WHITE, AND BROWN SUGAR CANDY.
CHOCOLATE CREAMS, "DESSERT" CHOCOLATE,
NUGGETS.

COFFEE, BAKERY SUGAR, LEMON DRIPS,
PRALINES A LA ROSE.

CONFITS, AND SUGARED ALMONDS in great
Variety.

MIXED SWEETS.
CRYSTALLIZED APRICOTS, STRAWBERRIES,
GREENGRASSES, CHERRIES, &c.

METZ FRUITS.
CARLSBAD AND STRAS PLUMS.

A. S. WATSON & Co.,
THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 25th November, 1885.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications on Editorial matters should be
addressed to "The Editor," and those on business "The
Manager," and not to individuals by name.

Correspondents are requested to forward their name
and address with communications addressed to the
Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good
faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one
side of the paper only.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not
ordered for a fixed period will be continued until
countermanded.

Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press should be
sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication.
After that hour the supply is limited.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, DECEMBER 30TH, 1885.

The result of the approaching visit of Mr.
Jung to Canton will be awaited with
much interest. This remarkable personage,
who for so many years held practically un-
disputed sway over a large part of Tonquin,
acknowledging no authority above his own
and relying solely on the strength of his own
force to protect what he considered his
rights, has finally given in his adhesion to
the Coelestian Emperor, and can no longer be
looked upon as himself a ruler. It was at
the hands of Mr. Jung that the French
received their first serious check in Tonquin,
and it was his bravery and tenacity of pur-
pose that prolonged the campaign until the
Chinese troops were ready to take the field.

Originally an outlaw and a rebel, he was ap-
pointed during the course of the war General-
issimo of the Chinese forces in Tonquin. On
the conclusion of peace the territory hereto-
fore held by him and his Black Flags was
included in that ceded to France, and the
redoubtable warrior must now be satisfied
with the position of a Chinese dignitary.

The change is probably not altogether ac-
cording to his taste, but after the events of
the war it was inevitable, and it is reported
that he has been conceded liberal terms by
the Chinese Government, which has granted
him land in Kwangsi for the settlement of
himself and his followers. Mr. Jung has
now been appointed to Canton on a visit to
Mr. Y. L. Li, the Imperial High Commissioner,
and is to bring with him some 5,000 of his
more recently enrolled soldiers for in-
corporation in the Kwangtung army.

These men, we understand, do not belong to
the Black Flag proper, but are mercenaries re-
cruited in Kwangtung during the recent hos-
tilities. Their disbandment on the borders
of Tonquin would no doubt have led to much
lawlessness and disorder and given much trou-
ble to the local authorities, and Mr. Jung, in his
altered circumstances, would of course be un-
able to provide for them, the concession of
land he has received being probably no more
than sufficient for the requirements of his
own clan—the Black Flag band can be so
designated. Their enrolment in the Chinese
army was obviously the best way out of the
difficulty, and the authorities who have
brought about the arrangement are to be
complimented on their perspicacity. Mr.
Jung evidently entertains confidence in the good
faith of the Government, as he is now well
on his way to Canton. Nor is there any
reason to suppose that his confidence is mis-
placed. To spirit away a man who had for
a long term of years set the Imperial Au-
thority at defiance and who might again be-
come troublesome would not be in ac-
cord with Chinese traditions, but there is
happily ground for believing that more
humane and honourable feelings have lat-
ely been permeating to some extent the
system of government, besides which China
is at present disposed to be particularly
careful as to her reputation with the world
at large, and Mr. Jung having achieved for him-
self a world-wide reputation, his treatment
on the occasion of his visit to Canton will
be closely observed. Moreover, FENG YU-LI,
the Viceroy, are personally, we believe, of too
honourable a disposition to deal treacherously
with their visitor.

There would seem to be some little doubt
as to whether the British Indian Govern-
ment will formally annex Upper Burma or
proclaim a protectorate over it. One of the
Indian telegrams definitely states that "an-
nexation is certain and that all appointments
are already arranged." Another and later
telegram states, however, that "the Viceroy
leaves Calcutta for Burma on the 15th, to
see on the spot whether the final work should
be a protectorate or annexation." The latter
is, we think, the more correct. We have
every confidence in Lord Dufferin's dis-
cretion and firmness, and we hope that he
will not attempt to be made by the India
Office to hamper him in the discharge of his
duties. If His Excellency be left a free
agent, he will consider what will be most
acceptable to the people, compatible with
the interests of the empire. If a protectorate
be declared it will be a very real one, and
the administration will be carried on by British
officials. Seeing, however, that there are many
possible claims to the throne, rather than by
THEVADIA, it will, we imagine, be true policy
to decree the extinction, as a reigning family,
of the house of Alaungmy; otherwise disas-
trous faction will be sure to exist in some
of its branches and intrigues be certain

SUPREMACY COURT.

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.
BEFORE MR. JUSTICE ROSS.

D. K. GRIFITH v. L. O. JUNG, SOI GO.
Mr. Griffith appeared for the plaintiff, Mr.
Jung for the defendant.

Mr. Justice Ross delivered the judgment in
the case of the plaintiff's claim with the
exception of the last item, \$60 for a photo-
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Mr. Griffith said the defendant had purchased
the photographic apparatus of him in April last,
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he suggested to him that he had better sell it
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The defendant, however, declined to do this, and
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Mr. Justice Ross said he was instructed to deny
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His Lordship said there was no evidence to
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After some further conversation the plaintiff
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the claim for its value, and judgment was given
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W. BREWER v. H. S. BIDWELL, \$49.30.
The defendant did not appear, and it being
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POLICE COURT.

BEFORE MR. A. G. WINE.

DRUNKENNESS, &c.
Joseph Baddell, of Spain, was fined \$1 for drink-
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The defendant was creating a disturbance in a
house of ill fame, and was sent to prison for
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Ahn, Aahn, Aahn, and Aahn, four Chi-
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INTIMATIONS.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.
The well known Wine and Spirit Merchants,
OF LONDON, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BOMBEY,
MADRAS, LONDON, KURACHIE, &c.
Their Representatives in China—
Messrs. J. D. MATTHEWSON & Co., Hongkong
& Shanghai.
Call attention to some of the Wines and Spirits
consigned to their care by this well known
house.

CLARETS, Mouton, Larose, St. Julien
Medoc, both in Quarts & Pints.
"IMPERIAL" & AMOROSO, SHERRY.
MANZANILLA-SHERRY—very pale & dry
VINO PURO—a pretty delicate wine.
These Sherrys are also shipped in Jars
containing 6 bottles.

"INVALIDS" PORT, a most agreeable
wine, approved by many Physicians.
SCOTCH WHISKY—of several sorts, viz.:
In square bottles—Naper Johnston's.
In round bottles—J. P. & Co.'s "Heart
of the Lion" & "Glenlivet".

In round bottles—The celebrated Glenlivet
IRISH WHISKY—only the best.
COGNAC—from the very best to medium
quality, at all prices.

This Firm's Cognacs are too well known to need
recommendation. Prices on application.

1886 1886
MAIL TABLES.

NOW READY.
MAIL TABLES
FOR
1886.
Showing Dates of DEPARTURE of the
English and French Mails from Hong-
kong, of the anticipated ARRIVALS in London,
and the Dates of RETURN DISPATCHES; and
containing also a similar Table regarding
PARCEL POST.

AN ALMANAC FOR 1886.
On Paper 10 Cents each, or One Dollar
per Dozen. On Card Board 20 Cents each.
Also
ANGLO-CHINESE CALENDAR.
On Paper 10 Cents each, or One Dollar
per Dozen. On Card Board 20 Cents each.
Hongkong, 21st December, 1885.

TRICHORD COTTAGE PIANOS.
by ROSENKRANZ.
IRON FRAME and TUNING PEARL
IN ONE PIECE.
Unrivalled for brilliancy and sweetness of tone.
PRICE \$340 ONLY.
Apply to
MR. A. VITA,
2, Old Bailey,
Hongkong, 11th November, 1885. (1772)

HING KEE.
STEAM LAUNCH CO.
Have on hand a number of the best
COAL for STEAMERS, & SHIPS at
MODERATE PRICES.
No. 15, HUNG MAN LANE,
HONGKONG, 12th September, 1885. (1629)

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.
Coughs, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY
of BREATHING are speedily cured by KEATING'S
COUGH LOZENGES (recommended by the
Medical Profession). No other remedy is
half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief.
They contain no Opium, Morphine, nor any
violent drug, and may be taken by the most
delicate. One or two at bedtime secures rest when
troubled by the throat. Sold by all Chemists
in Bottles.

£1 to £4 per day to be made by persons
of either sex, in their own
localities, at home, or in the
field. No capital required. All
meet with wonderful success. Any one can do
this work. Capital not required. We will start
you. Outfit worth £1 mailed free. The
employment is particularly adapted to the region
in which this publication circulates. Boys and
girls work as well as men. Full particulars
and instructions mailed free. Now is the
time—don't delay, but write to us at once.
Address: STRONG & Co., Portland, Maine,
United States. (351)

T. ALGAR AND COMPANY.
HOUSES AND ESTATE AGENTS.
BROWN, JONES & CO.,
UNDERLEIGH, &c.
MOUNTING, STATIONERY, &c.
A QUEEN'S ROAD EAST. (22)

"JAPAN GAZETTE."
YOKOHAMA.

HAVING been appointed AGENT in HONG-
KONG and SOUTH CHINA for the Japan
Gazette, "Japan Gazette Summary," and
"Hong List," Orders for Subscriptions and
Advertisements will be received at this Office.
Hongkong Office, 2nd May 1877.

**TEN YEARS IN THE
FAR EAST.**
JUST PUBLISHED.
DENY 8vo. pp. 121. Cloth, 52.00.
FIVE YEARS IN HONGKONG AND THE
FAR EAST.

Arranged Chronologically, with Copious
INDEX, by which the date of any event can be
found at a glance.

Form a complete register of POLITICAL,
COMMERCIAL, and OCCURRENCES.
WEEKS, SHIPPING CALENDAR, FIRE,
THEATROUS, &c.

DAILY PRESS Office, Wyndham Street.
KELLY & WAUGH, Queen's Road.
W. BAWBER, Queen's Road.
Hongkong, 28th April, 1885.

WINTER TIME TABLE.
THE KOWLOON FERRY.

**STEAM LAUNCH
"MORNING STAR."**
Runs daily as a Ferry Boat between PUNDAH
Wharf and First Boat Quay at the following
hours:—This Time Table will take effect from
the 20th October, 1885.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Kowloon 6.00 A.M.	7.00 A.M.	Kowloon 7.00 A.M.	8.00 A.M.
8.00	9.00	9.00	10.00
10.00	11.00	11.00	12.00 noon
12.30 P.M.	1.30	1.30	2.30
2.30	3.30	3.30	4.30
4.30	5.30	5.30	6.30
6.30	7.30	7.30	8.30
8.30	9.30	9.30	10.30
10.30	11.30	11.30	12.30 noon

SUNDAYS.

Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Kowloon 6.00 A.M.	7.00 A.M.	Kowloon 7.00 A.M.	8.00 A.M.
8.00	9.00	9.00	10.00
10.00	11.00	11.00	12.00 noon
12.30 P.M.	1.30	1.30	2.30
2.30	3.30	3.30	4.30
4.30	5.30	5.30	6.30
6.30	7.30	7.30	8.30
8.30	9.30	9.30	10.30
10.30	11.30	11.30	12.30 noon

*There will be no Launch on Monday and
Friday, on account of coal.
The above Time Table will be strictly adhered
to except under unusual circumstances.
In case of stress of weather, due notice will be
given of any stoppages.

NOTICE.
**QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY.**
The Underwritten, Agents for the above Com-
pany, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS on
First-class Goods at 1 per Cent. Net premium
per Annum.

NONPON & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 20th May, 1881.

**NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE
INSURANCE COMPANY.**
The Underwritten, Agents of the above Com-
pany, are authorized to INSURE against
FIRE at Current Rates.

OTLMAN & Co.
Hongkong, 1st January, 1882. (16)

**FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF 1877
IN HAMBURG.**
The Underwritten, Agents of the above
Company, are prepared to ACCEPT
RISKS at Current Rates.

PUSTAU & Co.
Hongkong, 19th January, 1884. (106)

INSURANCES.

NOTICE.

**THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.**
Is prepared to ACCEPT FIRST-CLASS
RISKS at 1 1/2 per Cent. per Annum, and other
INSURANCES at Current Rates.
AGENTS at all the Treaty Ports of China
and Japan, and at Singapore, Saigon, Peking,
and the Philippines.

JAS. B. COUGHLIN.
Secretary.
Hongkong, 27th March, 1882. (708a)

**GENERAL LIFE AND FIRE
ASSURANCE COMPANY.**
The Underwritten, having been appointed
Agents for the above Company, are
prepared to GRANT POLICIES against
FIRE AND LIFE at Current Rates.

EUSTAU & Co.
Hongkong, 1st April, 1885. (508)

**THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY.**
Established 1825.
Accumulated Funds 31st Dec., 1884. £2,646,537.
Annual Revenue. Do. £283,384.
Subsisting Assurances. Do. £204,467,382.
The Underwritten, having been appointed
Agents for the above Company, are
prepared to receive proposals for LIFE
ASSURANCE.

Policies will be issued immediately on
Acceptance of Risks by the Board of Directors
in Shanghai.
THE BORNCO CO. LIMITED.
Hongkong, 30th June, 1885. (1203)

**THE PACIFIC MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.**
The POLICIES of the Company impose
no restriction upon Residence or Travel.
Lower Rates and Better Returns offered
than by any other Life Insurance Company
represented in this Colony.

A. HINZ.
Agent for China and Japan.
Hongkong, 8th September, 1885. (132)

SUN FIRE OFFICE.
The Underwritten are prepared from this date
to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE at the
Reduced "First Class" rate of 55.000 on
First-class Risks.

LINSTEAD & DAVIS.
Agents.
San Fire Office.
Hongkong, 12th May, 1881. (13)

**THE MAN ON INSURANCE COM-
PANY, LIMITED.**
HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.
CAPITAL (SUBSCRIBED), \$1,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
L. S. SIN, Esq.
Y. C. CHONG, Esq.
Y. C. CHOW, Esq.
Y. C. CHOW, Esq.
Y. C. CHOW, Esq.

The Company GRANTS POLICIES on
MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World,
payable at any of its Agencies.
Contributory Dividends are payable to all
Contributors of Business, whether they are
Shareholders or not.

WOO LIN YUEN.
Secretary.
HEAD OFFICE.
No. 2, Queen's Road West,
Hongkong, 14th March, 1881. (1884)

**SINGAPORE FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.**
HEAD OFFICE—SINGAPORE.
We are prepared to GRANT POLICIES
against FIRE on 25th March at Current
Rates. All Contributors of Business whether
Shareholders or not are entitled to Share in the
Dividend.

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.
Agents.
Hongkong, 19th July, 1885. (1277)

**NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY.**
LIFE ASSURANCE ONLY.
Policies issued for long or short periods at
current rates.

Accumulated Fund. £12,571,971.
Surplus over all liabilities.
Reserve Fund according
to valuation made by the
Government.
Income for year 1884.
C. SETON LINDSAY,
Res. Manager,
Department of the East.
BIRLEY, DALRYMPLE & Co.,
Agents, Hongkong.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF HIS
MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FIRST.
A.D. 1720.

The Underwritten, having been appointed
Agents for the above Corporation, are
prepared to GRANT POLICIES on
MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World,
payable at any of its Agencies.
Policies issued for long or short periods at
current rates.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.
Policies issued for sums not exceeding 25,000
at reduced rates.
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.
Agents.
Hongkong, 9th July, 1872. (11)

PHENIX FIRE OFFICE.
The Underwritten are now prepared to
GRANT POLICIES of INSURANCE against
FIRE at the following Rates:

On First-class Goods, at 1/2 per Cent. per Annum.
On Second-class Goods, at 3/4 per Cent. per Annum.
On Third-class Goods, at 1 per Cent. per Annum.
On Fire Insurance, at 1/2 per Cent. per Annum.
On Marine Insurance, at 1/2 per Cent. per Annum.
On Petroleum in Bulk, at 1/2 per Cent. per Annum.
On First-class Chinese at 1/2 per Cent. per Annum.
On Second-class Chinese at 3/4 per Cent. per Annum.
On Third-class Chinese at 1 per Cent. per Annum.

DOUGLAS LARBAIK & Co.
Agents for the Phoenix Fire Office.
Hongkong, 5th August, 1881. (15)

THE STRAITS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
The Underwritten, having been appointed
Agents for the above Company, are prepared
to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current
Rates.

SIEMSEN & Co.
Agents.
Hongkong, 16th November, 1872. (12)

**NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY AT HAMBURG.**
The Underwritten, Agents for the above
Company, are prepared to GRANT IN-
SURANCES at current rates of 55.000 on first-
class risks at current rates.

MELCHERS & Co.
Hongkong, 27th March, 1876. (10)

VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING.

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	CAPTAIN	AT	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DESPATCHED
LONDON, &c. VIA SUEZ CANAL.	Micropore (str.)	R. Harvey	Hongkong	P. & O. S. N. Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
LONDON, &c. VIA SUEZ CANAL.	Heitor (str.)	Heitor	Hongkong	Butterfield & Swire	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
LONDON, &c. VIA SUEZ CANAL.	Deubhishire (str.)	Gunning	Hongkong	Adamsen, Bell & Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
LONDON, &c. VIA SUEZ CANAL.	Samsoness	Samsoness	Hongkong	Carlowitz & Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
HAVRE AND LONDON.	Elles	Rowell	Hongkong	Arnold, Karberg & Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
LONDON.	J. B. Newcomb	Newcomb	Hongkong	Carlowitz & Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
TRIESTE, &c.	Typhis (str.)	G. Mahorovich	Hongkong	O. S. N. Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
NEW YORK VIA SUEZ CANAL.	Claymore (str.)	Claymore	Hongkong	Carlowitz & Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
NEW YORK.	South American	South American	Hongkong	Carlowitz & Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
SAN FRANCISCO VIA YAMA.	City of Peking (str.)	City of Peking	Hongkong	P. M. S. N. Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
SAN FRANCISCO VIA YAMA.	Claymore (str.)	Claymore	Hongkong	O. S. N. Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
SAN FRANCISCO.	George	W. Grant	Hongkong	Adamsen, Bell & Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
PORT DARWIN, &c.	Wooling (str.)	Wooling	Hongkong	Butterfield & Swire	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
BATAVIA, SAMARANG, &c.	Zambou (str.)	Zambou	Hongkong	Adamsen, Bell & Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
BOMBAY VIA STRAITS.	Carandine (str.)	Carandine	Hongkong	Adamsen, Bell & Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, &c.	Tobara (str.)	Tobara	Hongkong	P. & O. S. N. Co.	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI.	Yangtsa (str.)	Yangtsa	Hongkong	Messageries Maritimes	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI.	Bellesophon (str.)	Bellesophon	Hongkong	Butterfield & Swire	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI.	Wm. Potts	Wm. Potts	Hongkong	Butterfield & Swire	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI VIA AMOY.	Diomed (str.)	Diomed	Hongkong	Butterfield & Swire	On 5th Jan. at 4 P.M.

FOR SALE.
CHAMPAGNE "MONOPOLE."
—HEIDSIECK & Co.—
MONOPOLE Red Seal (medium dry).
Do. Red Seal "Dry" (extra dry).
Do. Gold Seal "Dry" (extra dry).
Sole Agents for
Heidsieck & Co., Reims.
For Hongkong, China, and the East.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1885. (1208)

FOR SALE.
CARLOWITZ & Co.
Sole Agents for
Heidsieck & Co., Reims.
For Hongkong, China, and the East.
Hongkong, 1st July, 1885. (1208)

FOR SALE.
THE British Boy "LILY."
276 Tons Register.
For Particulars, apply to Captain on Board.
WILBE & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 10th December, 1885. (2203)

FOR SALE.
THE COMPLETE PLANT
FOR A
SUGAR REFINERY.
Messrs. STEARNS and Sons, of London.
This Machinery is quite new and will be sold
at a bargain.
For Full Particulars, apply to
J. M. ARMSTRONG & Co.
Hongkong, 5th November, 1885. (1971)

FOR SALE.
BARON.
DEED ON BULLION SAFE just
imported. CHURCH'S LOCKS DEPOSITARY.
Ktys. Size of Safe 60" by 46" by 28".
J. M. ARMSTRONG & Co.
Hongkong, 24th July, 1885. (1354)

FOR SALE.
CHAS. HEIDSIECK'S
CHAMPAGNE, 1880, WHITE SEAL.
\$10 per case of 1 dozen quarts.
\$20 per case of 2 dozen quarts.
\$40 per case of 4 dozen quarts.
\$80 per case of 8 dozen quarts.
\$160 per case of 16 dozen quarts.
\$320 per case of 32 dozen quarts.
\$640 per case of 64 dozen quarts.
\$1280 per case of 128 dozen quarts.
\$2560 per case of 256 dozen quarts.
\$5120 per case of 512 dozen quarts.
\$10240 per case of 1024 dozen quarts.
\$20480 per case of 2048 dozen quarts.
\$40960 per case of 4096 dozen quarts.
\$81920 per case of 8192 dozen quarts.
\$163840 per case of 16384 dozen quarts.
\$327680 per case of 32768 dozen quarts.
\$655360 per case of 65536 dozen quarts.
\$1310720 per case of 131072 dozen quarts.
\$2621440 per case of 262144 dozen quarts.
\$5242880 per case of 524288 dozen quarts.
\$10485760 per case of 1048576 dozen quarts.
\$20971520 per case of 2097152 dozen quarts.
\$41943040 per case of 4194304 dozen quarts.
\$83886080 per case of 8388608 dozen quarts.
\$167772160 per case of 16777216 dozen quarts.
\$335544320 per case of 33554432 dozen quarts.
\$671088640 per case of 67108864 dozen quarts.
\$1342177280 per case of 134217728 dozen quarts.
\$2684354560 per case of 268435456 dozen quarts.
\$5368709120 per case of 536870912 dozen quarts.
\$10737418240 per case of 1073741824 dozen quarts.
\$21474836480 per case of 2147483648 dozen quarts.
\$42949672960 per case of 4294967296 dozen quarts.
\$85899345920 per case of 8589934592 dozen quarts.
\$171798691840 per case of 17179869184 dozen quarts.
\$343597383680 per case of 34359738368 dozen quarts.
\$687194767360 per case of 68719476736 dozen quarts.
\$1374389534720 per case of 137438953472 dozen quarts.
\$2748779069440 per case of 274877906944 dozen quarts.
\$5497558138880 per case of 549755813888 dozen quarts.
\$10995116277760 per case of 1099511627776 dozen quarts.
\$21990232555520 per case of 2199023255552 dozen quarts.
\$43980465111040 per case of 4398046511104 dozen quarts.
\$87960930222080 per case of 8796093022208 dozen quarts.
\$175921860444160 per case of 17592186044416 dozen quarts.
\$351843720888320 per case of 35184372088832 dozen quarts.
\$703687441776640 per case of 70368744177664 dozen quarts.
\$1407374883553280 per case of 140737488355328 dozen quarts.
\$2814749767106560 per case of 281474976710656 dozen quarts.
\$5629499534213120 per case of 562949953421312 dozen quarts.
\$11258999068426240 per case of 1125899906842624 dozen quarts.
\$22517998136852480 per case of 2251799813685248 dozen quarts.
\$45035996273704960 per case of 4503599627370496 dozen quarts.
\$90071992547409920 per case of 9007199254740992 dozen quarts.
\$180143985094819840 per case of 18014398509481984 dozen quarts.
\$360287970189639680 per case of 36028797018963968 dozen quarts.
\$720575940379279360 per case of 72057594037927936 dozen quarts.
\$1441151880758558720 per case of 144115188075855872 dozen quarts.
\$2882303761517117440 per case of 288230376151711744 dozen quarts.
\$5764607523034234880 per case of 576460752303423488 dozen quarts.
\$11529215046068469760 per case of 1152921504606846976 dozen quarts.
\$23058430092136939520 per case of 2305843009213693952 dozen quarts.
\$46116860184273879040 per case of 4611686018427387904 dozen quarts.
\$92233720368547758080 per case of 9223372036854775808 dozen quarts.
\$184467440737095516160 per case of 18446744073709551616 dozen quarts.
\$368934881474191032320 per case of 36893488147419103232 dozen quarts.
\$737869762948382064640 per case of 73786976294838206464 dozen quarts.
\$1475739525896764129280 per case of 147573952589676412928 dozen quarts.
\$2951479051793528258560 per case of 295147905179352825856 dozen quarts.
\$5902958103587056517120 per case of 590295810358705651712 dozen quarts.
\$11805916207174113034240 per case of 1180591620717411303424 dozen quarts.
\$23611832414348226068480 per case of 2361183241434822606848 dozen quarts.
\$47223664828696452136960 per case of 4722366482869645213696 dozen quarts.
\$94447329657392904273920 per case of 9444732965739290427392 dozen quarts.
\$188894659314785808547840 per case of 18889465931478580854784 dozen quarts.
\$377789318629571617095680 per case of 37778931862957161709568 dozen quarts.
\$755578637259143234191360 per case of 75557863725914323419136 dozen quarts.
\$1511157274518286468382720 per case of 151115727451828646838272 dozen quarts.
\$3022314549036572936765440 per case of 302231454903657293676544 dozen quarts.
\$6044629098073145873530880 per case of 604462909807314587353088 dozen quarts.
\$12089258196146291747061760 per case of 1208925819614629174706176 dozen quarts.
\$24178516392292583494123520 per case of 2417851639229258349412352 dozen quarts.
\$48357032784585166988247040 per case of 4835703278458516698824704 dozen quarts.
\$96714065569170333976494080 per case of 9671406556917033397649408 dozen quarts.
\$193428131138340667952988160 per case of 19342813113834066795298816 dozen quarts.
\$386856262276681335905976320 per case of 386856262276

EXTRACT

QUEER STORY.

AN UNFORTUNATE MISTAKE.

Miss Shortyard was at the head of the fashionable world of Manchester—a position of wealth and power to occupy with profit. Her father, Mr. Shortyard, was an extremely successful cotton-spinner. He died on his "hundred," high-spirited, daughter, who was his only child, and spared no expense to gratify all her whims. She had as many as ten dresses as she chose to order, and as many horses and carriages as any lady in Manchester. No objection was raised to the length of her milliner's bill, and she subscribed to as many as ten different and unconnected religious, benevolent, or simply misanthropic societies or associations as she pleased.

This last item formed a very important one in the young lady's expenditure; for she considered as important a position in the religious as in the fashionable world. In this respect she only differed from her father; for, although many persons doubted Mr. Shortyard's piety, nobody ever questioned his piety. For thirty-five years he had been a constant attendant at the Rev. Mr. Shortyard's ministrations, and every effort that good man had made to reclaim the masses from their state of godless contentment, and bring them to the sense of their miserable condition, he had supported both with voice and pocket.

As might be expected, the fashionable society in which Miss Shortyard reigned as queen was highly respectable, and by no means fast. It consisted of dignitaries of the Church and their ladies, of wealthy and religious cotton-spinners like Mr. Shortyard himself, of bankers, and such like, with their wives and daughters. Their conversation and amusement were no doubt pleasant enough when one got used to them; but at first they seemed rather sombre and monotonous. Anything like liveliness or frivolity was sternly suppressed, and the air of decorum and restraint was remarkable, if somewhat depressing.

Miss Shortyard, however, like many other very good women, was not so particular about the gentlemen as the ladies' conduct. Several, indeed, of the former who stood highest in her favour were not above suspicion. And as she was less particular about the gentlemen than the ladies, she was less particular about the ladies. She was particularly fond of the former who stood highest in her favour were not above suspicion. And as she was less particular about the gentlemen than the ladies, she was less particular about the ladies. She was particularly fond of the former who stood highest in her favour were not above suspicion.

When, then, the Hon. Jack Terrington, of a well-known cavalry regiment, who was on a visit to some of his friends in the Manchester garrison, was introduced to her, she gave him a very kindly welcome. Jack had certainly led a very lively life of it, and if he had led a quieter than usual, that probably was due to his great love for his form in his character than to the fact that his father had cut off his allowance. The old peer had borne with him a long time. While his name figured only in scandals and divorce proceedings he had contented himself with solemn remonstrances; but when scandal, the money-lender, informed him of the early appearance of his wife in the list of bankrupts, the noble father became extremely indignant. He effected settlement with Scandalizer, and then wrote to Jack to inform him that he had done so, and also that it was the last money of his that should go to Jack's use. This young officer took the paternal reprobation very completely to heart, and he was determined to acquire if his father had not paid off his debts—a point upon which he entertained considerable doubt—and finding that he had, he there and then effected a new loan, and returned to his quarters in elated spirits. But this loan soon became exhausted, and failing to negotiate another in town, he had come to his friend, Captain Hardrup, who was stationed at Manchester, hoping to obtain from him a little temporary assistance. In this, however, he was disappointed, as the gallant Captain was himself in exactly the same condition, pecuniarily, as the Hon. Jack.

Jack Terrington was on his first introduction greatly taken with handsome Miss Shortyard, and when Captain Hardrup informed him of her prospects his admiration was not noticeably diminished. She, too, was considerably pleased with the attention she received from the great good-natured, though somewhat staid, cavalryman, and the epistle which preceded his name took her fancy mightily. He was one of the aristocracy; his father was a Peer, and, no doubt, he had the best of the best society of the capital. She was thoroughly tired of the middle-class folk of Manchester, and thirsted for more brilliant company. It was true that Jack was rather impetuous, and somewhat dissipated; but then she had money enough for both, and when he married he would settle down. If, therefore, he did really admire her, and proposed, she decided, after her very first hesitation, with him, that she would not reject him at once, but would carefully think the matter over.

Jack's marriage for some time at Manchester—much longer than he had proposed when he first went there; and he let Miss Shortyard, who, however, every evening, knew that he was waiting in town, but supposed officially of fondness for her company. This, though uttering, was strictly true. He was wanted in town. Numerous attorneys' clerks, with wits in their pockets, were calling daily at his clubs and quarters, making anxious inquiries as to his whereabouts.

At length, when he thought the proper moment had arrived, Jack proposed. Miss Shortyard, with a little hesitation, referred him to her papa; and he, whatever objections he had to the match, when he found she was eager for it, had not the heart to state them. In due course the settlements were drawn up in a way perfectly satisfactory to Jack, and a month or two after his proposal he and his bride set out on their honeymoon. The marriage on Jack's part had not been entirely mercenary. He had admired and liked his bride before marriage very much, and during the honeymoon neither his affection nor admiration had diminished. So when he and she returned to London, and took up their abode in the pretty house in Kensington which Mr. Shortyard had bought and furnished for them, he resolved to give up all his bachelor ways, to spend no more of his evenings at the club; to avoid, most religiously, the theatre; to never again even to pay a visit to Tattersall's, where he had once been brought close to ruin; and to devote himself altogether to his duties as a soldier and a husband. But old habits are not so easily got rid of, and although there was a most evident improvement in Jack's behaviour, still he was occasionally suffered relapses, and incurred the censure of his very proper and prudent wife.

These little faults, however, did not seriously interfere with either Mr. or Mrs. Terrington's happiness. It was over something else that Mrs. Terrington fretted most—something for which Jack could be held only partly responsible. In fact, Mrs. Terrington was very disappointed. When she married a Peer's son, she expected to receive a genial welcome into society in London, but such had not been the case. The Duchess of Marchmont, with whom she had hoped to mingle as an equal totally ignorant her existence, and never once let her

see the inside of their doors. This was due to what Jack had been, and what she was. Jack's bad reputation had survived his reform, and made him still something of a black sheep among the spotless folds of the aristocracy; and his wife, being the daughter of a self-made man, did not do anything to whitening him. Both, then, were denied admittance into fashionable circles, and Mrs. Terrington vehemently resented the denial. She was disgusted when she thought she had given up the queenhood of Manchester to be a dependant of London society.

As far as he himself was concerned, Jack took their exclusion with great equanimity; but the way it taxed his wife grieved him, and he made all the efforts in his power to force her upon those ladies whom she wished so much to know. He hoped at first to induce his mother—his father and he were pretty reconciled now—to come from her retirement to the country to be her patroness; but Lady Perfect cared little for society, and less for her daughter-in-law, and resolutely refused to come to town. Disappointed in this hope, he looked about among his friends and acquaintances for one whose wife would be willing to take Mrs. Terrington up; but he looked in vain. Jack had been a "man," he had few acquaintances among the ladies of his own rank, and such of his male friends as had wives looked rather askance at him. He was giving up his quest in despair when Captain Hardrup brought him encouragement. The Duchess of Doublechin was coming to spend the season in town. The Duchess was, perhaps, a trifle fast, and was addicted to the Church and her ladies, and wealthy and religious cotton-spinners like Mr. Shortyard himself, of bankers, and such like, with their wives and daughters. Their conversation and amusement were no doubt pleasant enough when one got used to them; but at first they seemed rather sombre and monotonous. Anything like liveliness or frivolity was sternly suppressed, and the air of decorum and restraint was remarkable, if somewhat depressing.

Jack stood for a moment dumfounded. Then he poured forth in confusion a shower of apologies. The lady, who, though greatly surprised, seemed not at all annoyed, simply asked him who the extraordinary person was, and when he explained that it was his wife, she suggested that he had better go after her.

Jack acted on her suggestion, and speedily overtook his wife. When she looked at him, his face was black with rage and shame. "What the deuce do you mean?" he asked her, in tones which indicated suppressed rage.

"How dare you introduce me to such a woman?" she replied boldly. "I want to ask you to introduce me to those ladies!" and she pointed to the first group—"and you insult me by introducing me to that woman!"

Jack looked at her in amazement. "Are you aware that those ladies you want to know are?" he asked.

"Yes, the Duchess of Doublechin and her daughters," he answered, passionately.

"Then they are Mrs. Danbury, the actress, and her sisters," he said.

"Mrs. Terrington was amazed. "And the lady whom you have just insulted," Jack continued, "is the Duchess of Doublechin."

"Very likely," said Jack. "And perhaps dancing in the evening?"

"I shouldn't wonder," replied Jack. "And you expect me to go to such a place?" cried Mrs. Terrington angrily. "Do you mean to insult me? I'm astonished at you."

"Very well," replied Jack, who temper was roused now. "Whether you go or not, I shall go myself. You need not regret it."

On the Saturday, to his wife's disgust, Jack left by himself for Maidenhead, and he did not come home until late on the following Monday. If he had enjoyed himself during his absence he showed no evidence of it on his return. He was in a bad temper, sulky, and silent, and did not deign to tell his wife how he had spent the time, or what company he had met, and what he had done.

She knew it was not Jack's way to be long cross for a trifling. She felt that something disagreeable must have happened when he was away, but she was too proud to inquire from him what it was. Yet she would have liked to know the cause of his low spirits.

She learnt the whole truth, sooner than she could have hoped. On Tuesday morning Jack had hardly left the house before Lady Perfect arrived. Lady Perfect was Mrs. Terrington's bosom friend, and, like herself, a Manchester lady, who had married a man of title and debts—Sir Charles Perfect—and who had also failed to make the mark in society her beauty and wealth, and the position of her husband, entitled her to expect.

"Nellie," she said to Mrs. Terrington, in a melodramatic tone, when she was shown into the house, "Nellie, we are not likely to be overheard here."

"No, Louie," replied Mrs. Terrington, in alarm. "Why do you ask?"

"I have something very serious to tell you, my dear. Charles and I went up the river for a few days, and, as you know, on Sunday we were at Sir Charles's."

"Yes," said Mrs. Terrington, eagerly. "And just when we were standing on the lawn, a steamship came up the river with all such vulgar women on it. They were drinking champagne, and talking at the top of their voices, and shouting out jokes at one another. I was simply shocked."

"Nellie, your husband said that they were probably theatrical ladies, and he should know. Ladies, indeed! They came into Sir Charles's for a little time, and Mr. Terrington spoke to us, and asked us to come with him. But, of course, we couldn't go in such company. What particularly disgusted me was your husband said that, in another launch which came up a minute or two later, there were several ladies, all so very nice and ladylike, and Charles said he thought it was the Duchess of Doublechin; but he was not sure, and he said he would go and see."

"Post she was Mrs. Jones's. I was so anxious to be introduced to her, but your husband scarcely spoke to her, and refused to go with her party—I heard her ask him. It is strange the taste some men have when it comes to women."

"Yes, Nellie, your husband. I don't know who they were, but Charles said that they were probably theatrical ladies, and he should know. Ladies, indeed! They came into Sir Charles's for a little time, and Mr. Terrington spoke to us, and asked us to come with him. But, of course, we couldn't go in such company. What particularly disgusted me was your husband said that, in another launch which came up a minute or two later, there were several ladies, all so very nice and ladylike, and Charles said he thought it was the Duchess of Doublechin; but he was not sure, and he said he would go and see."

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